SIEMENS



LOA2...

LOA3...

Oil Burner Controls

LOA2... LOA3...

Oil burner controls for the supervision, startup and control of 1- or 2-stage forced draft oil burners in intermittent operation. Oil throughput of less than 30 kg/h.

The LOA2... / LOA3... and this Data Sheet are intended for use by OEMs which integrate the oil burner controls in their products.

Use, features	
Use	The LOA are used for the startup, supervision and control of 1- or 2-stage forced draft
	oil burners in intermittent operation.
	Yellow-burning flames are supervised with photoresistive detectors QRB, blue-
	burning flames with blue-flame detectors QRC
	 Applications in accordance with EN 267: Automatic forced draft burners for liquid fuels
	Type-tested and approved in accordance with DIN EN 230:1991
General features	- Undervoltage detection
	- Bridging contact for oil preheater (not with LOA28.173A27)
Specific features	- Special versions including models for incinerator plants and flash-steam generators
	- LOA36 with color display of flame intensity and operating
	Note!
	Do not use for new designs.



To avoid injury to persons, damage to property or the environment, the following warning notes must be observed!

Do not open, interfere with or modify the unit!

- All activities (mounting, installation and service work, etc.) must be performed by qualified staff
- Before making any wiring changes in the connection area, completely isolate the plant from mains supply (all-polar disconnection). Ensure that the plant cannot be inadvertently switched on again and that it is indeed dead. If not observed, there is a risk of electric shock hazard
- Ensure protection against electric shock hazard by providing adequate protection for the burner control's connection terminals. If not observed, there will be a risk of electric shock
- Each time work has been carried out (mounting, installation, service work, etc.), check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state and make the safety checks as indicated in *Commissioning notes* above. If this is not observed, there is a risk of loss of safety functions and a risk of electric shock.
- Press the lockout reset button / operating button only manually (applying a force of no more than ≤10 N), without using any tools or pointed objects. If this is not observed, there is a risk of loss of safety functions and a risk of electric shock.
- Fall or shock can adversely affect the safety functions. Such units must not be put into operation, even if they do not exhibit any damage. If this is not observed, there is a risk of loss of safety functions and a risk of electric shock.



Attention!

Earth the burner in compliance with the relevant regulations; earthing the boiler alone does not suffice!

Mounting notes

Ensure that the relevant national safety regulations are complied with.

- Always run high-voltage ignition cables separately while observing the greatest possible distance to the unit and to other cables
- Make absolutely certain that live and neutral conductors are correctly connected to terminals 1 and 2 of the burner control
- Install switches, fuses, earthing, etc., in compliance with local regulations
- Ensure that the maximum permissible current load for the connecting terminals is not exceeded (refer to *Technical data*)
- Do not feed external mains voltage to the control outputs of the burner control. When testing the function of devices controlled by the burner control (fuel valves or similar), the burner control must not be connected
- To disconnect the unit from the mains, a complete shut-down must be carried out under overvoltage category III conditions in each pole
- Secure the earthing lug in the terminal base with a metric screw and a lockwasher or similar
- Switches, fuses, earthing, etc., must be in compliance with local regulations; primary fuse max. 10 A (fast)
- For safety reasons, feed the neutral conductor to the neutral distributor in the plugin base, or to terminal 2. Connect the burner components (fan, ignition transformer and fuel valves) to the neutral distributor as shown in the figure 7435a14. The connection between the neutral conductor and terminal 2 is prewired in the terminal base

Example



Correct wiring of neutral conductors!

Electrical connection of flame detectors

It is important to achieve practically disturbance- and loss-free signal transmission:

- Never run the detector cable together with other cables
 - Line capacitance reduces the magnitude of the flame signal
 - Use a separate cable
- Observe the permissible lengths of the detector cables, see *Technical data* and Data Sheet / Flame detector QRB (N7714) and QRC (N7716).

When commissioning the plant, when carrying out maintenance work, or after longer off periods, make the following safety checks:

	Safety check to be carried out	Anticipated response
a)	Burner startup with flame detector darkened	Lockout at the end of «TSA»
b)	Burner startup with flame detector exposed to extraneous light	Lockout after approx. 40 seconds
C)	Simulation of flame failure during operation. For that purpose, darken the flame detector during operation and maintain this state	Repetition followed by lockout at the end of «TSA»

Standards and certificates

"	Applied directives:						
	٠	Low-voltage directive	2006/95/EC				
	٠	Electromagnetic compatibility EMC	2004/108/EC				
		(immunity) *)					

*) The compliance with EMC emission requirements must be checked after the burner control is installed in equipment

Compliance with the regulations of the applied directives is verified by the adherence to the following standards / regulations:

- Household and similar electrical appliances Safety VDE 0700
- Electrical equipment of non-electric heated cooking and heating VDE 0722 appliances

The relevant valid edition of the standards can be found in the declaration of conformity!

Note on **DIN EN 60335-2-102**

Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - Part 2-102: Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections. The electrical connections of the LOA and the AGK11 comply with the requirements of EN 60335-2-102.



EAC Conformity mark (Eurasian Conformity mark)



ISO 9001:2008 ISO 14001:2004 OHSAS 18001:2007



China RoHS Hazardous substances table: http://www.siemens.com/download?A6V10883536

Service notes

The service adapters can only be used for a short time. They may only be used in supervised operation by qualified staff.

	Burner controls has a designed lifetime* of 250,000 burner startup cycles which, under normal operating conditions in heating mode, correspond to approx. 10 years of usage (starting from the production date given on the type field).
	This lifetime is based on the endurance tests specified in standard EN 230. A summary of the conditions has been published by the European Control Manufacturers Association (Afecor) (<u>www.afecor.org</u>).
	The designed lifetime is based on use of the burner controls according to the manufacturer's Data Sheet. After reaching the designed lifetime in terms of the number of burner startup cycles, or the respective time of usage, the burner control is to be replaced by authorized personnel.
	* The designed lifetime is not the warranty time specified in the Terms of Delivery
Disposal notes	
	The unit contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of together with domestic waste. Local and currently valid legislation must be observed.
Mechanical design	
	The oil burner controls are of plug-in design, suitable for installation in any position on burners, in control cabinets or on control panels.
	The housing is made of impact-proof, heat-resistant and flame-retarding plastic. It is of plug-in design (measuring 91 x 62 x 63 mm, including the plug-in base) and engages audibly in the plug-in base.
	The color of plastic material of burner controls LOA are executed in black.
	 The housing includes the thermoelectric programmer acting on a multi-tilting switching system, compensated for ambient temperature flame signal amplifier with the flame relay lockout reset button with its integrated lockout indication lamp
Undervoltage detection	If mains voltage drops below about AC 165 V, an electronic circuit ensures that the oil burner control will prevent burner startup or – without releasing fuel – lockout will be initiated.

Type summary

The type references given in the table refer to oil burner controls with no plug-in base and no accessories. For ordering information for plug-in bases and other accessories, see *Accessories*.

Article no.	Туре	Main voltage	Undervoltage detection	Times in seconds R		Replacement				
				t1 min.	t3 approx.	TSA max.	t3n approx.	t3n' approx.	t4 approx.	types
Standard version										
BPZ:LOA24.171B27	LOA24.171B27	AC 220 V	•	13	13	10	20		20	LMO14.111C2 LMO24.111C2
BPZ:LOA24.171B17	LOA24.171B17	AC 110 V	•	13	13	10	20		20	LMO24.111C1
BPZ:LOA24.173A27	LOA24.173A27	AC 220 V	•	13	13	10	20	2	20	LMO14.113C2
With remote reset facil	lity									
BPZ:LOA26.171B27	LOA26.171B27	AC 220 V	•	13	13	10	20		20	LMO14.111C2 LMO24.111C2
BPZ:LOA36.171A27	LOA36.171A27	AC 220 V	•	13	13	10	20		20	LMO14.111C2 LMO24.111C2
For incinerator plant										
BPZ:LOA25.173C27	LOA25.173C27 1)	AC 220 V	•	13	13	10		2	20	
BPZ:LOA28.173A27	LOA28.173A27 1)	AC 220 V	•	13	13	10		2	20	

Legend

1) LOA25... and LOA28... are designed for use on incinerator plant where lockout by extraneous light is not desired. These types of oil burner controls are not covered by EN 230

t1 Prepurge time

- t3 Preignition time
- t3n Long postignition time
- t3n' Short postignition time
- t4 Interval from establishment of flame to the release of «BV2»
- TSA Ignition safety time

Test adapter KF8833

- For checking the functions of burner controls on the burner
- With signal lamps for program indication
- With one pair of jacks for measuring the flame detector current

Test adapter KF8840

- For checking the functions of burner controls on the burner
- With signal lamps for program indication
- With on / off switch for simulating the flame signal
- With holes for checking the control voltages at the tabs of the burner control
- With one pair of jacks for measuring the flame detector's resistance

Test adapter KF8885

- For checking the functions of burner controls on the burner
- With switch for manual startup of burner
- With switch for simulating the oil preheater's release contact
- With 2 pairs of jacks for measuring the flame detector current

Refer to Mounting Instructions B7986







Connection accessories for small burner controls

Plug-in base **AGK11...** To connect the small-capacity burner controls to the burner plant. See Data Sheet N7201



Cable holder **AGK66...** For plug-in base AGK11. See Data Sheet N7201

Cable holder **AGK65...** For plug-in base AGK11. See Data Sheet N7201

Flame detectors

Photoresistive detectors **QRB...** See Data Sheet N7714



Frontal illumination:



Blue-flame detectors **QRC...** See Data Sheet N7716





Technical data

General unit data

Mains voltage	AC 220 V –15 %AC 240 V +10 %		
-	AC 100 V –15 %AC 110 V +10 %		
Mains frequency	5060 Hz ±6 %		
External primary fuse (Si)	Max. 10 A (fast)		
Power consumption	Approx. 3 VA		
Perm. mounting position	Optional		
Degree of protection	IP40, must be ensured through mounting		
Safety class	I (burner control with plug-in base)		
Input current to			
- Terminal 1	Max. 5 A (short-time 15 A for max. 0.5 s)		
- Terminal 3	Max. 5 A (excl. current draw of burner		
	motor and oil preheater)		
Perm. cable lengths	Max. 3 m with 100 pF/m line capacitance		
 Detector cable laid separately 	Max. 20 m		
- Remote reset laid separately	Max. 20 m		
	(refer to Flame supervision chapter)		
Weight	Approx. 180 g		

Perm. current at $\cos \phi \ge 0.6$	Terminal 4	Terminal 5	Terminal 6	Terminal 7	Terminal 8	Terminal 10
	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.
LOA24.171B17	1 A	1 A	2 A	2 A	5 A	1 A
LOA24.171B27	1 A	1 A	2 A	2 A	5 A	1 A
LOA24.173A27	1 A	1 A	2 A	1,5 A	5 A	1 A
LOA25.173C27	1 A	1 A	2 A	2 A	5 A	1 A
LOA26.171B27	1 A	1 A	2 A	0,1 A	5 A	1 A
LOA28.173A27	1 A	1 A	2 A	2 A	5 A	1 A
LOA36.171A27	1 A	1 A				

Environmental conditions

Storage	DIN EN 60721-3-1
Climatic conditions	Class 1K3
Mechanical conditions	Class 1M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	<95 % r.h.
Transport	DIN EN 60721-3-2
Climatic conditions	Class 2K2
Mechanical conditions	Class 2M2
Temperature range	-50+60 °C
Humidity	<95 % r.h.
Operation	DIN EN 60721-3-3
Climatic conditions	Class 3K5
Mechanical conditions	Class 3M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	<95 % r.h.
Installation altitude	Max. 2,000 m above sea level



Warning!

Condensation, formation of ice and ingress of water are not permitted! If not observed, the safety functions are no longer ensured and there will be a risk of electric shock.

Flame supervision with QRC...

Measuring circuits and length of the detector cables in accordance with Data Sheet N7716.

		QRC (typically)				
Type of burner control	Detector current required during operation (with flame)	Permissible detector current during the prepurge time (dark current)	Possible detector current in operation (with flame)			
LOA24.171B17	Min. 70 μA	Max. 5,5 µA	Max. 90 µA			
LOA24.171B27	Min. 70 μA	Max. 5,5 µA	Max. 110 µA			
LOA24.173A27	Min. 45 μA	Max. 5,5 µA	Max. 45 µA			
LOA25.173C27 1)						
LOA26.171B27	Min. 70 μA	Max. 5,5 µA	Max. 110 µA			
LOA28.173A27 1)						
LOA36.171A27	Min. 70 μA	Max. 5,5 µA	Max. 110 µA			
¹) These types of $I \cap A$ mus	t not be used in connection w	ith ORC blue-flame de	tectors			

1) These types of LOA... must not be used in connection with QRC...blue-flame detectors

Data given in the above table only apply under the following conditions: - Mains voltage depending on version AC 110 V or AC 220...240 V

- Ambient temperature 23 °C

Measuring circuit for detector current measurement



The QRC1 has been designed specifically for blue-burning flames. Incidence of light is from the front and side. The clamp is secured with a soft plastic plug. 3-core connection (preamplifier integrated in the detector casing). For the different types of flame detectors, engineering notes and technical data, refer to Data Sheet N7716.

Detector current LED on

Min. 40 μA ±15 %

Only with LOA36... Indication of flame strength

Flame supervision

Flame supervision with QRB...

Measuring circuits and length of the detector cables in accordance with Data Sheet N7714.

	QRB (typically)			
Type of burner control	Detector current required during operation (with flame)	Permissible detector current during the prepurge time (dark current) (without flame)	Possible detector current in operation (with flame)	
LOA24.171B27 / LOA24.171B17				
LOA25.173C27		Max E E uA	May 210 · A	
LOA26.171B27	Min. 70 μΑ	Max. 5.5 μA	Max. 210 µA	
LOA28.173A27				
LOA24.173A27	Min. 45 μA	Max. 5.5 µA	Max. 45 μA	
LOA36.171A27	Min. 70 μA	Max. 5.5 µA	Max. 900 µA	

Data given in the above table only apply under the following conditions:

- Mains voltage depending on version AC 110 V or AC 220...240 V

- Ambient temperature 23 °C



Only with LOA36... Indication of flame strength

Detector current LED on

Function				
	The relevant function diagram shows the required or permissible input signals to the control section and to the flame supervision circuit hatched (refer to Connection diagrams). If these input signals are not present, the burner control will stop the startup sequence to trigger lockout where required by safety regulations.			
Preconditions for startup	 Burner control is reset The contacts of the limit thermostat / pressure switch, the control thermostat / pressurestat and the safety limit thermostat must be closed, heat request present on terminal 1 No undervoltage Flame detector is darkened, no extraneous light 			
Undervoltage detection	An additional electronic circuit ensures that if mains voltage drops below approximately AC 165 V (at UN = AC 220240 V), burner startup will be prevented, or – without release of oil – lockout will be triggered.			
Control sequence in the event of fault	preheater and ignition equipment will imme	and terminal 10 («AL») for remote lockout		
	Cause	Response		
	Mains voltage failure	Restart		
	Extraneous light on burner startup	Lockout; with LOA25 / LOA28: Prevention of start		
	No flame at the end of «TSA»	Lockout		
	Loss of flame during operation	Repetition		
Lockout	After lockout, the LOA will remain locked (lo This state will also be maintained in the eve	C ,		
Reset of burner control	After lockout, the burner control can be reset after 6090 seconds (also refer to «Warning notes»).			
Indications				
Lockout position	The lockout position is indicated with the la	mp integrated in the lockout reset button.		
Flame strength	Only with LOA36			
	Indication of the flame strength (green LED) is used for checking the flame signal. To ensure reliable burner operation, this LED must be lit. If the green LED flickers or extinguishes during burner operation, the light conditions at the burner are poor, caused by dirt for instance.			
Operation	Only with LOA36			
(When the contacts of the control thermostat are closed, the orange LED is lit, indicating the start of the oil preheater's heating up phase (if present).			





Interval between flame signal and release of t4 «BV2»

Required input signals Permissible input signals

Control signals delivered by the LOA...

Dimensions

Dimensions in mm





Plug-in base AGK11...







Socoogenetic







Status indication (orange)

Indication of flame strength (green)

Remote lockout reset module ARK21A27



Remote lockout reset module for use with the LOA26... / LOA36... Printed circuit board with no housing. Degree of protection IP00, which means that protection against electric shock hazard, must be ensured through mounting. Do not place any metal objects in the hatched area. The module must be fitted with the help of spacers made of plastic.

Do not use spacers made of metal.

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